

# **USER MANUAL**

**2.0KVA/3.2KVA  
INVERTER / MPPT SCC/AC CHARGER**

VERSION: 1.0

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# 1 ABOUT THIS MANUAL

## 1.1 Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

## 1.2 Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

# 2 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



**WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.**

1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
5. **CAUTION** – Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
10. One piece of 150A fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
11. **GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS** -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
12. **NEVER** cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

### 3 INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

#### 3.1 Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function
- WIFI/GPRS(Optional)
- Can connect to lithium battery

#### 3.2 Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- Generator or Utility.
- PV modules

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

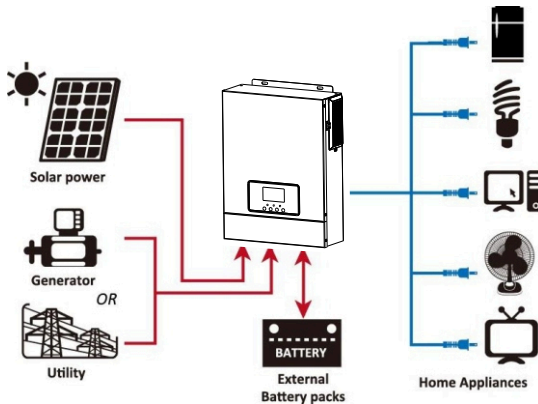
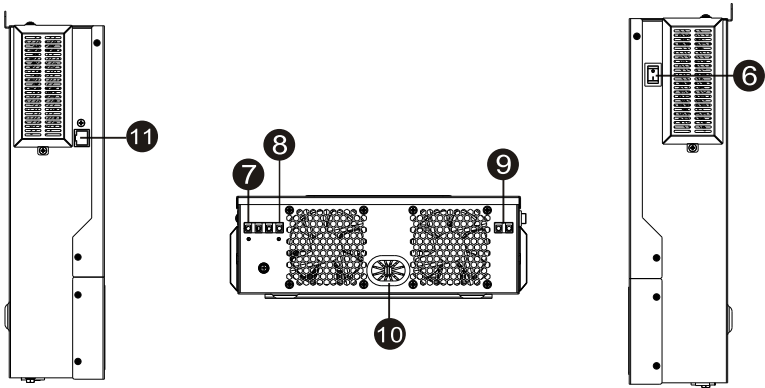
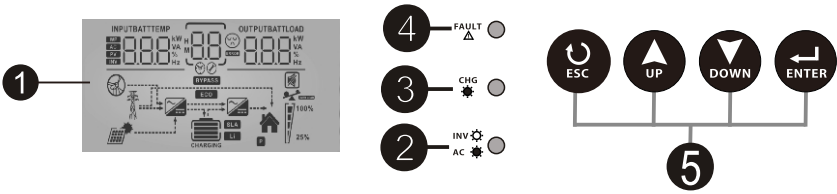


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System



### 3.3 Product Overview



1. LCD display
2. Status indicator
3. Charging indicator
4. Fault indicator
5. Function buttons
6. Power on/off switch
7. AC input
8. AC output
9. PV input
10. Battery input
11. RS-232 communication port

## 4 INSTALLATION

### 4.1 Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1

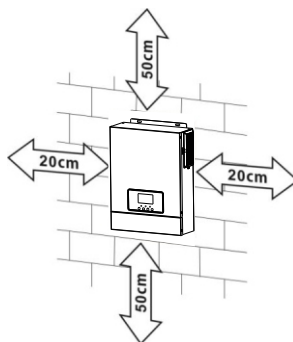
### 4.2 Preparation

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.

### 4.3 Mounting the Unit

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



 **SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.**

Install the unit by screwing two screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.

### 4.4 Battery Connection

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

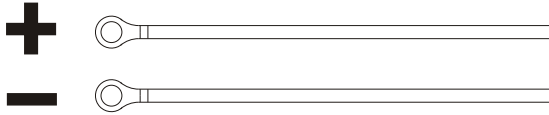
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable as below.

**Recommended battery cable size:**

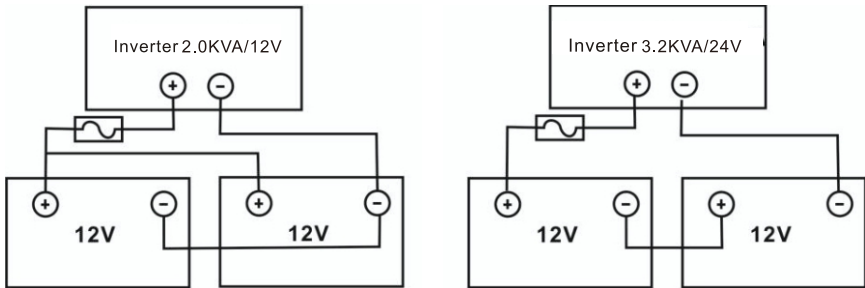
Model	Wire Size	Cable (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Torque value (max)
2.0KVA 12V	1 x 4AWG	22	2 Nm
3.2KVA 24V	1 x 6AWG	14	2 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

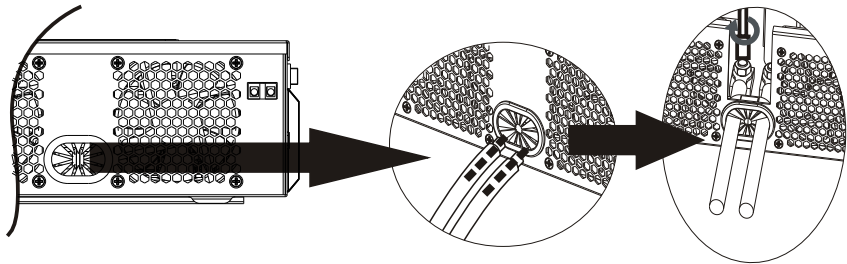
1. Remove insulation sleeve 18 mm for positive and negative conductors.
2. Suggest to put bootlace ferrules on the end of positive and negative wires with a proper crimping tool.





4. Connect all battery packs as below chart.



5. Insert the battery wires flatly into battery connectors of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2 Nm in clockwise direction. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and conductors are tightly screwed into the battery terminals.  
Recommended tool: #2 Pozzi Screwdriver



 **WARNING: Shock Hazard**  
Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.

 **CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

#### 4.5 AC Input /OutputConnection

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 10A for 2.0kva and 32A for 3.2kva.

**CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

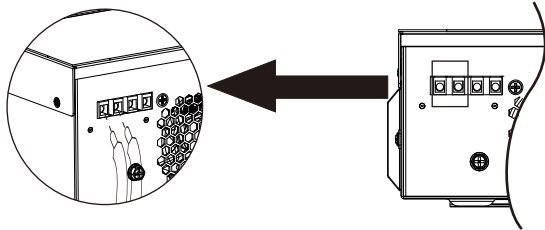
**Suggested cable requirement for AC wires**

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
2.0KVA 12V	14 AWG	0.5~0.6Nm
3.2KVA 24V	12 AWG	1.2 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnecter first.
2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor (⊕) first.

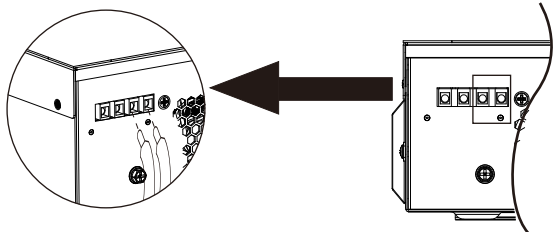
- ⊕ → Ground (yellow-green)
- L → LINE (brown or black)
- N → Neutral (blue)



⚠	<p><b>WARNING:</b> Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.</p>
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4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws.

- L → LINE (brown or black)
- N → Neutral (blue)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2- 3 minutes to restart because it' serquied to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

#### 4.6 PV Connection

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Wire Size	Torque value ( max )
2.0KVA 12V 3.2KVA 24V	1x16AWG	1.2 Nm

#### PV Module Selection:

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

<b>INVERTER MODEL</b>	2.0KVA/3.2KVA
<b>Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage</b>	400Vdc
<b>PV Array MPPT Voltage Range</b>	30Vdc~400Vdc

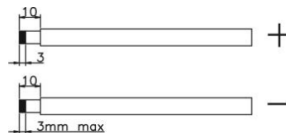
Take 250Wp PV module as an example. After considering above two parameters, the recommended module configurations are listed as below table.

Solar Panel Spec. (reference)	SOLAR INPUT		Q'ty of panels	Total input power
	(Min in serial: 4 pcs, max. in serial: 12 pcs)			
- 250Wp	4 pcs in serial		4 pcs	1000W
- Vmp: 30.1Vdc	6 pcs in serial		6 pcs	1500W
- Imp: 8.3A	8 pcs in serial		8 pcs	2000W
- Voc: 37.7Vdc	10 pcs in serial		10 pcs	2500W
- Isc: 8.4A				
- Cells: 60				

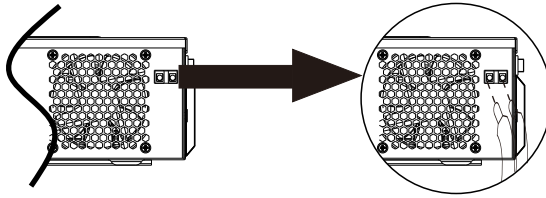
#### PV Module Wire Connection

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
2. Suggest to put bootlace ferrules on the end of positive and negative wires with a proper crimping tool.



4. Check correct polarity of wire connection from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection wire to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection wire to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.  
Recommended tool: 4mm blade screwdriver



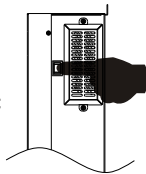
#### 4.7 Final Assembly

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing four screws as shown below.

### 5 OPERATION

#### 5.1 Power ON/OFF

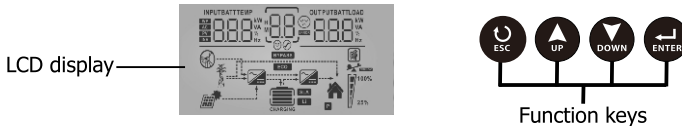
Side view of unit



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

#### 5.2 Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



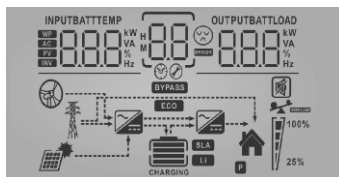
#### LED Indicator

LED Indicator		Messages	
☀️ AC / ⚡️ INV	Green	Solid On	Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
		Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
☀️ CHG	Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
		Flashing	Battery is charging.
⚠️ FAULT	Red	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.
		Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.





















#### Function Keys

Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

### 5.3 LCD Display Icons



Icon	Function description	
<b>Input Source Information</b>		
	Indicates the AC input.	
	Indicates the PV input	
	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charger current (if PV in charging for 2.0kVA models), charger power, battery voltage.	
<b>Configuration Program and Fault Information</b>		
	Indicates the setting programs.	
	Indicates the warning and fault codes.	
	Warning:  flashing with warning code.	
	Fault:  lighting with fault code	
<b>Output Information</b>		
	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.	
<b>Battery Information</b>		
	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.	
In AC mode, it will present battery charging status.		
Status	Battery voltage	LCD Display
Constant Current mode / Constant Voltage mode	<2V/cell	4 bars will flash in turns.
	2 ~ 2.083V/cell	Bottom bar will be on and the other three bars will flash in turns.
	2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other two bars will flash in turns.
	> 2.167 V/cell	Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.
Floating mode. Batteries are fully charged.		4 bars will be on.

In battery mode, it will present battery capacity.				
Load Percentage	Battery Voltage		LCD Display	
Load > 50%	< 1.85V/cell			
	1.85V/cell ~ 1.933V/cell			
	1.933V/cell ~ 2.017V/cell			
	> 2.017V/cell			
Load < 50%	< 1.892V/cell			
	1.892V/cell ~ 1.975V/cell			
	1.975V/cell ~ 2.058V/cell			
	> 2.058V/cell			
Load Information				
	Indicates overload.			
	Indicates the load level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100%.			
	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%
				
Mode Operation Information				
	Indicates unit connects to the mains.			
	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.			
	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.			
	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.			
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.			
Mute Operation				
	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.			



## 5.4 LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

### Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape 00 ESC	
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Utility first (default) 01 USB	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		Solar first 01 SUB	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, utility will supply power to the loads at the same time. Battery provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy and utility is not available. - Solar energy is not sufficient and utility is not available.
		SBU priority 01 SBU	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.
02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	10A 02 10 <sup>A</sup>	20A 02 20 <sup>A</sup>
		30A 02 30 <sup>A</sup>	40A 02 40 <sup>A</sup>

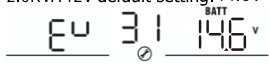
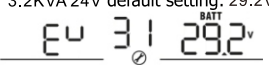
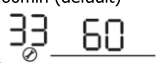
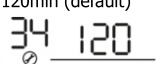

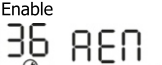
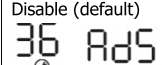
		50A 02 50 <sup>A</sup>	60A (default) 02 60 <sup>A</sup>
		70A 02 70 <sup>A</sup>	80A 02 80 <sup>A</sup>
03	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default) 03 APL	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
		UPS 03 UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.
05	Battery type	AGM (default) 05 AGM	Flooded
		User-Defined 05 USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default) 06 Lfd	Restart enable 06 LfE
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default) 07 tfd	Restart enable 07 tFE
09	Output frequency	50Hz (default) 09 50 <sup>Hz</sup>	60Hz 09 60 <sup>Hz</sup>
10	Output voltage	220V 10 220 <sup>v</sup>	230V (default) 10 230 <sup>v</sup>
		240V 10 240 <sup>v</sup>	
11	Maximum utility charging current  Note: If setting value in program 02 is smaller than that in program 11, the inverter will apply charging current from program 02 for utility charger.	2A 11 2A	10A 11 10A
		20A 11 20A	30A (default) 11 30A
		40A 11 40A	50A 11 50A
		60A 11 60A	

12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 3.2KVA 24V model:	
		21.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 21.0v ⊗	21.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 21.5v ⊗
		22.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 22.0v ⊗	22.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 22.5v ⊗
		23.0V (default) 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 23.0v ⊗	23.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 23.5v ⊗
		24.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 24.0v ⊗	24.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 24.5v ⊗
		25.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 25.0v ⊗	25.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 25.5v ⊗
		Available options in 2.0KVA 12V model:	
		10.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 10.5v ⊗	11.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 11.0v ⊗
		11.5V (default) 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 11.5v ⊗	12.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 12.0v ⊗
		12.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 12.5v ⊗	13.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 13.0v ⊗
		13.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 13.5v ⊗	14.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 14.0v ⊗
		14.5V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 14.5v ⊗	15.0V 12 <sup>BATT</sup> 15.0v ⊗
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 3.2KVA 24V model:	
		Battery fully charged 13 <sup>BATT</sup> FUL ⊗	24V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 24.0v ⊗

		24.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 24.5 v ⊗	25V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 25.0 v ⊗
		25.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 25.5 v ⊗	26V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 26.0 v ⊗
		26.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 26.5 v ⊗	27V (default) 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 27.0 v ⊗
		27.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 27.5 v ⊗	28V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 28.0 v ⊗
		28.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 28.5 v ⊗	29V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 29.0 v ⊗
Available options in 2.0KVA 12V model:			
	Battery fully charged	13 <sup>BATT</sup> FUL ⊗	12.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 12.0 v ⊗
	12.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 12.5 v ⊗	13.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 13.0 v ⊗	
	13.5V (default) 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 13.5 v ⊗	14.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 14.0 v ⊗	
	14.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 14.5 v ⊗	15.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 15.0 v ⊗	
	15.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 15.5 v ⊗	16.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 16.0 v ⊗	
	16.5V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 16.5 v ⊗	17.0V 13 <sup>BATT</sup> 17.0 v ⊗	

16	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority	If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault mode, charger source can be programmed as below:	
		Utility first 16 CUT	Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available.
		Solar first 16 CSO	Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available.
		Solar and Utility (default) 16 SNU	Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time.
		Only Solar 16 OSO	Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.
If this inverter/charger is working in Battery mode or Power saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar energy will charge battery if it's available and sufficient.			
18	Alarm control	Alarm on (default) 18 BON	Alarm off 18 BOF
19	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default) 19 ESP	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen 19 KEP	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.
20	Backlight control	Backlight on (default) 20 LON	Backlight off 20 LOF
22	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default) 22 AON	Alarm off 22 AOF
23	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default) 23 byd	Bypass enable 23 byE

25	Record Fault code	Record enable (default) 25 FEN	Record disable 25 FdS
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	2.0KVA 12V default setting: 14.1V CU 26 14.1 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		3.2KVA 24V default setting: 28.2V CU 26 28.2 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 12.5V to 15.5V for 2.0KVA 12V model and 25.0V to 31.5V for 3.2KVA 24V model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
27	Floating charging voltage	2.0KVA 12V default setting: 13.5V FLU 27 13.5 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		3.2KVA 24V default setting: 27.0V FLU 27 27.0 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 12.5V to 15.5V for 2.0KVA 12V model and 25.0V to 31.5V for 3.2KVA 24V model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
29	Low DC cut-off voltage	2.0KVA 12V default setting: 10.0V COU 29 10.0 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		3.2KVA 24V default setting: 20.0V COU 29 20.0 <sup>BATT</sup>	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 10.0V to 12.0V for 2.0KVA 12V model and 20.0V to 24.0V for 3.2KVA 24V model. Increment of each click is 0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.	
30	Battery equalization	Battery equalization 30 EEN	Battery equalization disable (default) 30 EdS
		If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is selected in program 05, this program can be set up.	

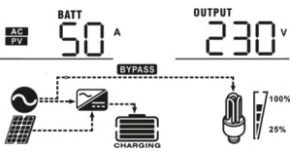
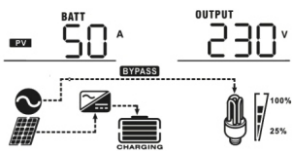
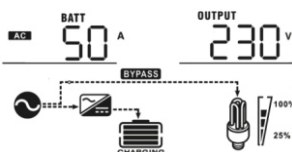
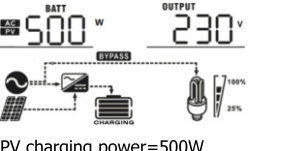
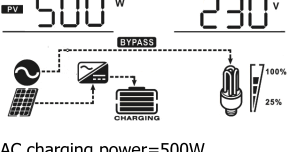
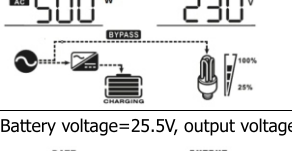
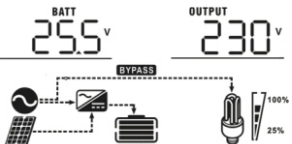
31	Battery equalization voltage	2.0KVA 12V default setting: 14.6V 	
		3.2KVA 24V default setting: 29.2V 	
		Setting range is from 13.0V to 16.2V for 2.0KVA 12V model and 25.0V to 31.5V for 3.2KVA 24V model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.	
33	Battery equalized time	60min (default) 	Setting range is from 5min to 900min. Increment of each click is 5min.
34	Battery equalized timeout	120min (default) 	Setting range is from 5min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
35	Equalization interval	30days (default) 	Setting range is from 0 to 90 days. Increment of each click is 1 day
36	Equalization activated immediately	Enable 	Disable (default) 
		If equalization function is enabled in program 30, this program can be set up. If "Enable" is selected in this program, it's to activate battery equalization immediately and LCD main page will shows "EQ". If "Disable" is selected, it will cancel equalization function until next activated equalization time arrives based on program 35 setting. At this time, "EQ" will not be shown in LCD main page.	

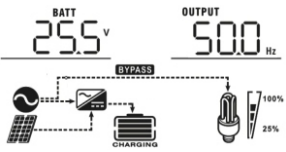
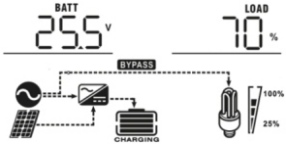
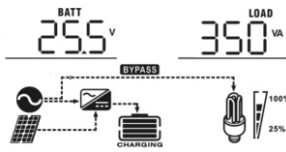
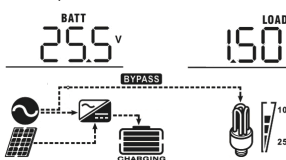
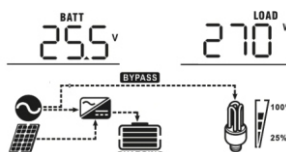
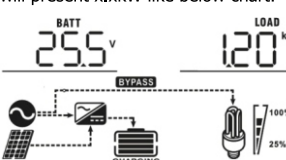
## 5.5 DisplaySetting

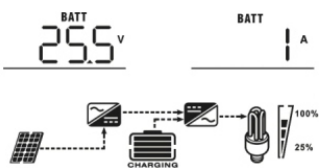

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in Watt, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version.

Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	<p>Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V</p> <p>The LCD display shows 'INPUT 230 V' and 'OUTPUT 230 V'. Below the numbers is a 'BYPASS' label. To the left is a diagram of a solar panel, inverter, and battery. To the right is a diagram of a light bulb and a battery with '100%' and '25%' indicators.</p>
Input frequency	<p>Input frequency=50Hz</p> <p>The LCD display shows 'INPUT 50 Hz' and 'OUTPUT 230 V'. Below the numbers is a 'BYPASS' label. To the left is a diagram of a solar panel, inverter, and battery. To the right is a diagram of a light bulb and a battery with '100%' and '25%' indicators.</p>
PV voltage	<p>PV voltage=260V</p> <p>The LCD display shows 'INPUT 260 V' and 'OUTPUT 230 V'. Below the numbers is a 'BYPASS' label. To the left is a diagram of a solar panel, inverter, and battery. To the right is a diagram of a light bulb and a battery with '100%' and '25%' indicators.</p>
PV current	<p>PV current = 2.5A</p> <p>The LCD display shows 'INPUT 2.5 A' and 'OUTPUT 230 V'. Below the numbers is a 'BYPASS' label. To the left is a diagram of a solar panel, inverter, and battery. To the right is a diagram of a light bulb and a battery with '100%' and '25%' indicators.</p>
PV power	<p>PV power = 500W</p> <p>The LCD display shows 'INPUT 500 W' and 'OUTPUT 230 V'. Below the numbers is a 'BYPASS' label. To the left is a diagram of a solar panel, inverter, and battery. To the right is a diagram of a light bulb and a battery with '100%' and '25%' indicators.</p>











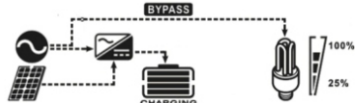
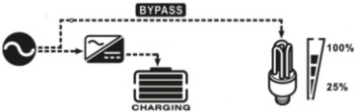
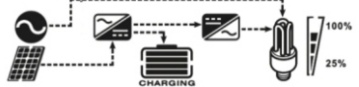
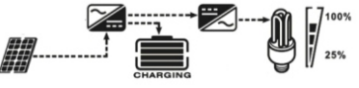

<p>Charging current</p>	<p>AC and PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>PV charging current=50A</p>  <p>AC charging current=50A</p> 
<p>Charging power</p>	<p>AC and PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>PV charging power=500W</p>  <p>AC charging power=500W</p> 
<p>Battery voltage and output voltage</p>	<p>Battery voltage=25.5V, output voltage=230V</p> 

<p>Output frequency</p>	<p>Output frequency=50Hz</p> 
<p>Load percentage</p>	<p>Load percent=70%</p> 
<p>Load in VA</p>	<p>When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in VA will present xxxVA like below chart.</p>  <p>When load is larger than 1kVA (<math>\geq 1kVA</math>), load in VA will present x.xkVA like below chart.</p> 
<p>Load in Watt</p>	<p>When load is lower than 1kW, load in W will present xxxW like below chart.</p>  <p>When load is larger than 1kW (<math>\geq 1kW</math>), load in W will present x.xkW like below chart.</p> 

<p>Battery voltage/DC discharging current</p>	<p>Battery voltage=25.5V, discharging current=1A</p> 
<p>Main CPU version checking</p>	<p>Main CPU version 20 11</p> 

5.6 Operating Mode Description

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
<p>Standby mode / Power saving mode</p> <p><b>Note:</b></p> <p>*Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output.</p> <p>*Power saving mode: If</p>	<p>No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p>  <p>Charging by utility.</p> 
<p>enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.</p>		<p>Charging by PV energy.</p>  <p>No charging.</p> 
<p>Fault mode</p> <p>Note:</p> <p>*Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.</p>	<p>PV energy and utility can charge batteries.</p>	<p>Charging by utility and PV energy.</p>  <p>Charging by utility.</p>  <p>Charging by PV energy.</p>  <p>No charging.</p> 

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility and PV energy. 
	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility.  If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and solar energy is not sufficient to provide the load, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads and charge the battery at the same time. 
	Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.
PV energy will supply power to the loads and charge battery at the same time. 		
Power from battery only. 		

### 5.7 Battery Equalization Description

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

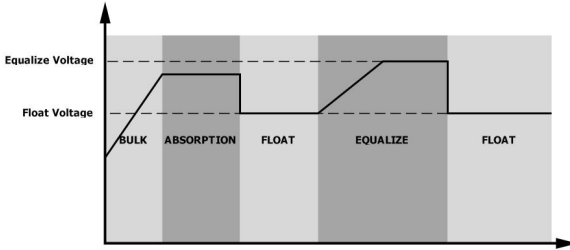
- **How to Apply Equalization Function**

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 30 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

1. Setting equalization interval in program 35.
2. Active equalization immediately in program 36.

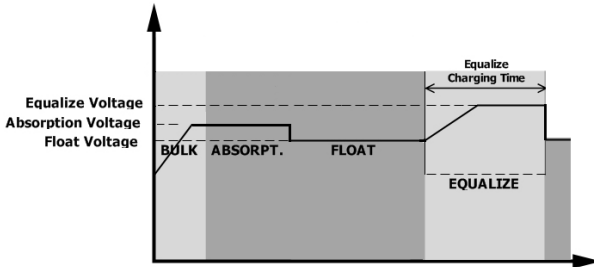
- **When to Equalize**

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

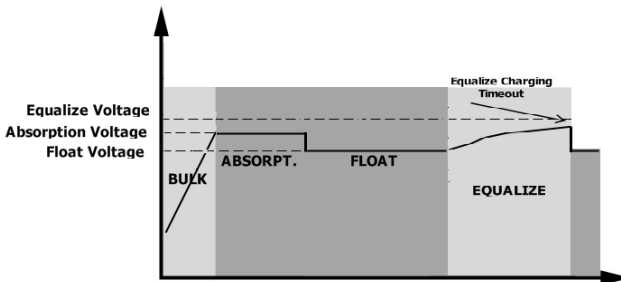


- **Equalize charging time and timeout**

















In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.










However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



## 5.8 Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked when inverter is off.	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
04	Battery voltage is too low	
05	Output short circuited or over temperature is detected by internal converter components.	
06	Output voltage is too high.	
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	
09	Bus soft start failed	
51	Over current or surge	
52	Bus voltage is too low	
53	Inverter soft start failed	
55	Over DC voltage in AC output	
57	Current sensor failed	
58	Output voltage is too low	
59	PV voltage is over limitation	

## 5.9 Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked when inverter is on.	Beep three times every second	
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
15	PV energy is low.	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
E9	Battery equalization	None	

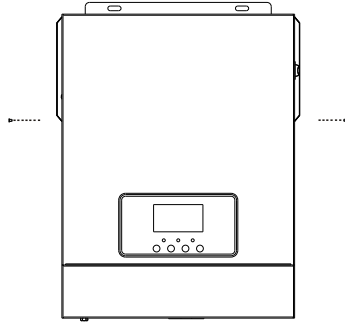
## 6 CLEARANCE AND MAINTENANCE FOR ANTI -DUST KIT (Optional)

### 6.1 Overview

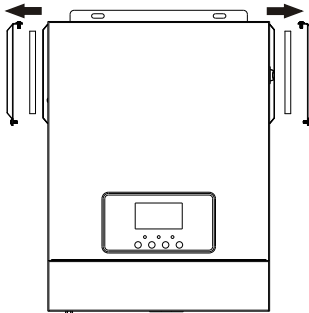
Every inverter is already installed with anti-dusk kit from factory. Inverter will automatically detect this kit and activate internal thermal sensor to adjust internal temperature. This kit also keeps dusk from your inverter and increases product reliability in harsh environment.

### 6.2 Clearance and Maintenance(option)

**Step 1:** Please remove screws as below.



**Step 2:** Then, dustproof case can be removed and take out air filter foam as shown in below chart.



**Step 3:** Clean air filter foam and dustproof case. After clearance, re-assemble the dust-kit back to the inverter.

**NOTICE:** The anti-dust kit should be cleaned from dust every one month.

## 7 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

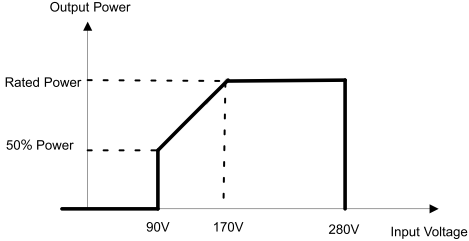
INVERTER MODEL	2.0KVA-12V	3.2KVA-24V
<b>Input Voltage Waveform</b>	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)	
<b>Nominal Input Voltage</b>	230Vac	
<b>Low Loss Voltage</b>	170Vac±7V (UPS); 90Vac±7V (Appliances)	
<b>Low Loss Return Voltage</b>	180Vac±7V (UPS); 100Vac±7V (Appliances)	
<b>High Loss Voltage</b>	280Vac±7V	
<b>High Loss Return Voltage</b>	270Vac±7V	
<b>Max AC Input Voltage</b>	300Vac	
<b>Nominal Input Frequency</b>	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)	
<b>Low Loss Frequency</b>	40±1Hz	
<b>Low Loss Return Frequency</b>	42±1Hz	
<b>High Loss Frequency</b>	65±1Hz	
<b>High Loss Return Frequency</b>	63±1Hz	
<b>Output Short Circuit Protection</b>	Circuit Breaker	
<b>Efficiency (Line Mode)</b>	>95% ( Rated R load, battery full charged )	
<b>Transfer Time</b>	10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances)	
<p><b>Output power derating:</b> When AC input voltage drops to 170V, the output power will be derated.</p>	 <p>The graph plots Output Power on the vertical axis against Input Voltage on the horizontal axis. Key points on the x-axis are 90V, 170V, and 280V. On the y-axis, 'Rated Power' and '50% Power' are marked. The power remains constant at the 'Rated Power' level from approximately 170V up to 280V. At 170V, the power begins to decrease linearly, reaching '50% Power' at 90V. At 280V, the power drops abruptly to zero.</p>	



Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

<b>INVERTER MODEL</b>	<b>2.0KVA-12V</b>	<b>3.2KVA-24V</b>
<b>Rated Output Power</b>	2000VA/1600W	3200VA/3000W
<b>Output Voltage Waveform</b>	Pure Sine Wave	
<b>Output Voltage Regulation</b>	230Vac±5%	
<b>Output Frequency</b>	50Hz	
<b>Peak Efficiency</b>	94%	
<b>Overload Protection</b>	5s@ ≥150% lo ad; 10s@ 100% ~ 150% lo ad	
<b>Surge Capacity</b>	2* rated power for 5 seconds	
<b>Nominal DC Input Voltage</b>	12Vdc	24Vdc
<b>Cold Start Voltage</b>	11.5Vdc	23.0Vdc
<b>Low DC Warning Voltage</b>		
@ lo ad < 50%	11.0Vdc	22.0Vdc
@ load ≥50%	10.5Vdc	21.0Vdc
<b>Low DC Warning Return Voltage</b>		
@ load < 50%	11.5Vdc	22.5Vdc
@ load ≥50%	11.0Vdc	22.0Vdc
<b>Low DC Cut-off Voltage</b>		
@ load < 50%	10.2Vdc	20.5 Vdc
@ load ≥50%	9.6Vdc	20.0Vdc
<b>High DC Recovery Voltage</b>	14.0Vdc	32Vdc
<b>High DC Cut-off Voltage</b>	16.0Vdc	33Vdc
<b>No Load Power Consumption</b>	<25W	<35W

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

Utility Charging Mode		
INVERTER MODEL	2.0 KVA-12V	3.2KVA-24V
Charging Algorithm		3-Step
AC Charging Current ( Max)		60Amp (@V <sub>L/P</sub> = 230Vac)
Bulk Charging	Flooded Battery	14.6
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	14.1
Floating Charging Voltage		13.5Vdc
Charging Curve		
MPPT Solar Charging Mode		
INVERTER MODEL	2.0KVA-12V	3.2KVA-24V
Max. PV Array Power	2000W	3000W
Nominal PV Voltage	240Vdc	
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	30~400Vdc	
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	400Vdc	
Max Charging Current (AC charger plus solar charger)	80Amp	

Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	2.0KVA-12V	3.2KVA-24V
Safety Certification	CE	
Operating Temperature Range	-10° C to 50° C	
Storage temperature	-15° C- 60° C	
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)	
Dimension (D* W* H) , mm	357X273X95	
Net Weight, kg	4.4	5.4

## 8 TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	1. Re-charge battery. 2. Replace battery.
No response after power on.	No indication.	1. The battery voltage is far too low. (<1.4V/Cell) 2. Internal fuse tripped.	1. Contact repair center for replacing the fuse. 2. Re-charge battery. 3. Replace battery.
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	1. Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. 2. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS <sup>®</sup> Appliance)
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on.	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.
		Temperature of internal converter component is over 120°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.
		The battery voltage is too high.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.
	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	1. Reduce the connected load. 2. Return to repair center
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.
Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.	
Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.		
Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced.		

技术要求：单页尺寸142\*210mm；  
材质：封面105g铜版纸,内页80g书写纸；  
料号打于后封面左下角；  
颜色：黑白印刷  
注：此技术要求不用印刷

327-100127-00G